A Ground-Truthed Mathematical Character and Symbol Image Database

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Abstract

This paper describes the specifications for our ground-truthed mathematical character and symbol image database, called InftyCDB-1. The ground-truth of each character is composed of type, font, quality (touched/broken) and link (relative position), etc. The database includes all the characters and symbols of 467 pages of 30 articles on mathematics, and is organized so that it can be used as word image database or as mathematical formula image database. InftyCDB-1 is a public database that is freely usable for research and development purposes.

1 Introduction

In this paper, we report the specifications for our groundtruthed mathematical character and symbol image database, called InftyCDB-1, which is freely usable for research and development purposes. The ground-truth of each character is composed of type, font, quality (touched/broken) and link (relative position), etc. The database includes all the characters and symbols of 467 pages of 30 articles on mathematics, and is organized so that it can be used as a word image database or as a mathematical formula image database. Thus, the database can be used, for example, in the following ways for researches:

• development and evaluation of character and scientific symbol recognition,

• development and evaluation of mathematical formula recognition,

• analysis of words in mathematical documents.

Since all the character images that appear in the page images are included in the database, users can get training data or test data for character/symbol recognition. For all the special mathematical symbols in the database, their own code and symbol name have been carefully attached. Since each alpha-numeric character in the database has its font attributes such as italic/upright, bold or not, the database can be used for evaluations of font distinction ability in character recognition.

The image data are stored separated into word or math formula units and arranged in alphabetic order independent of the content of papers. No whole page image is included in the database to avoid copyright problems.

Hereafter, the term *character* means not only ordinary characters (e.g., "A"), but also math symbols (e.g., "+"), unless otherwise noted. The term *category* means the finest level of character classification and the term *type* means a set of categories having a similar property. For example, "A", "B" and "C" are three categories belonging to the same type (Roman). In contrast, "A"(Roman), "A"(italic), "A"(calligraph), "A"(blackboard bold), "A" (German), and "A" (script) are six categories belonging to different types. Each character belongs to either the *text region* or the *math region*. The math region includes not only numbered equations but also in-line math formulae. Note that many in-line math formulae are composed of a single character, such as "x" in the sentence "The variable x denotes ...".

2 Outline of database

2.1 Data collection

The documents contained in the database are 30 English articles on pure mathematics (published 1970 \sim 2000). The numbers of pages, characters, words and math expressions in the database are 467, 688,570, 108,914 and 21,056, respectively. For a quantitative analysis of the database, see $[1]^1$. This database is larger than past databases for research on math-OCR (e.g., about 15,000 characters in [2], about 10,000 characters in [3]). Note that matrices, tables, and figures are excluded from the database.

All pages were scanned in 600 dpi and binarized automatically by the same commercial scanner (RICOH Imagio Neo 450). The quality of the resulting page images varies

¹There are slight differences between the table1 below and the table in [1] because some errors were found after submission of the paper [1] and corrected

		Tab	ole 1. Chara	acters	in the databa	ase.			
type	font	category	#predefined		text region		math region		total
		examples	categories	#cat.	#char (%) #cat.	#char (%)	#cat.	#char (%)
accent		^ ~ - ·· ` ` ·	13	1	2 (<0.01) 7	2,700 (1.72)	7	2,702 (0.39)
arrow		$\longleftrightarrow \longleftrightarrow \checkmark \checkmark$	16	1	3 (<0.01) 7	1,103 (0.70)	7	1,106 (0.16)
big symbol		$\sum \int \prod$	18	0	0 (0.00) 11	2,458 (1.57)	11	2,458 (0.36)
blackboard bold		ABCDEF	26	0	0 (0.00) 9	427 (0.27)	9	427 (0.06)
calligraphic		\mathcal{ABCDEF}	26	0	0 (0.00) 19	592 (0.38)	19	592 (0.09)
German	Upright	ABCabc	52	0	0 (0.00) 25	1,041 (0.66)	25	1,041 (0.15)
	Bold	ABCabc	52	0	0 (0.00) 0	0 (0.00)	0	0 (0.00)
Greek	Upright	ΓΔΘ	11	0	0 (0.00	/	2,148 (1.37)	10	2,148 (0.31)
	Italic	$lphaeta\gamma$	29	5	19 (<0.01) 23	10,618 (6.76)	23	10,637 (1.54)
	Bold	$\Gamma \Delta \Theta$	11	0	0 (0.00	/	3 (<0.01)	1	3 (<0.01)
	Italic Bold	$lphaeta\gamma$	29	0	0 (0.00	/	31 (0.02)	5	31 (<0.01)
extended Latin	Upright	ÄÆè	182	30	392 (0.07	/ -	3 (<0.01)	30	395 (0.06)
	Italic	Ä Æè	182	9	55 (0.01) 2	10 (0.01)	10	65 (0.01)
	Bold	ÂÆè	182	4	6 (<0.01) 0	0 (0.00)	4	6 (<0.01)
	Italic Bold	Ä Æ è	182	0	0 (0.00) 0	0 (0.00)	0	0 (0.00)
numeric	Upright	012	10	10	12,018 (2.26) 10	15,294 (9.74)	10	27,312 (3.97)
	Italic	012	10	10	140 (0.03) 4	118 (0.08)	10	258 (0.04)
	Bold	012	10	10	923 (0.17) 4	26 (0.02)	10	949 (0.14)
	Italic Bold	012	10	0	0 (0	, -	0 (0.00)	0	0 (0.00)
operator		$+ - \times / < \&$	92	6	154 (0.03	/	20,359 (12.96)	50	20,513 (2.98)
others	Upright	$\S @ \bigcirc \infty \forall \exists \partial$	42	10	2,903 (0.55) 15	1,797 (1.14)	20	4,700 (0.68)
	Bold	§@©	16	3	42 (0.01) 0	0 (0.00)	3	42 (0.01)
parenthesis	Upright	() { } []	20	7	8,082 (1.52) 12	30,334 (19.31)	12	38,416 (5.58)
	Bold	() { } []	20	2	112 (0.02	-	0 (0.00)	2	112 (0.02)
point	Upright	· · · ·	17	11	21,599 (4.06	/	8,443 (5.41)	14	30,042 (4.36)
	Bold	·· ' '	17	6	469 (0.09	/ ~	0 (0.00)	6	469 (0.07)
Roman	Upright	A B C a b c	61	57	414,825 (78.05		8,259 (5.26)	57	423,084 (61.44)
	Italic	ABCabc	61	55	63,590 (11.96	/	49,072 (31.24)	56	112,662 (16.36)
	Bold	ABCabc	61	56	6,178 (1.16	/	538 (0.34)	56	6,716 (0.98)
	Italic Bold	ABCabc	61	0	0 (0.00	/ -	1,508 (0.96)	19	1,508 (0.22)
script		A B C	52	0	0 (0.00	/	176 (0.11)	7	176 (0.03)
total			1,571	294	531,512 (100.00) 373	157,058 (100.00)	487	688,570 (100.00)

Notes: (1) Each "Roman" and "italic" type includes nine double letters (i.e., ligatures), such as "fi".

with the quality of original print and/or copy. Several page images are noisy and include a lot of abnormal characters, such as touching or broken characters.

2.2 Ground truth

The ground truth for each character was attached *manually* by seven students in, or a graduate from, a university math department. The ground truth of each character is composed of the following attributes:

- type, category and font
- text or math region
- normal or abnormal character
- size (height and width)
- link
- location in the word or formula image
- path (folder name + file name) to the image file.

The fifth attribute, link, represents the positional relationship to the preceding character and was attached to describe the structure of a math formula (as a tree). There

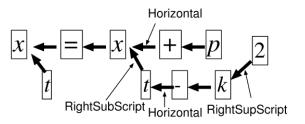


Figure 1. Link example of a math expression.

are six kinds of links: horizontal, right-superscript, rightsubscript, left-superscript, left-subscript, upper, and lower. Figure 1 shows the link structure of a formula $x_t = x_{t-k^2} + p$. The sixth attribute, location, is the rectangular coordinates (left,top,right,bottom) of the character image in the corresponding word/formula image. Each character data is connected to the word/formula image data by the seventh attribute, path, and the sixth attribute, location.

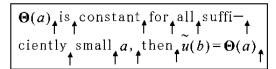


Figure 2. Word/formula segmentation.

2.3 Word segmentation

The segmentation of words is basically done by spacing. On the other hand, a set of consecutive math expressions in a line are unified into one formula regardless of the spacing, e.g., before and after a relative operators such as equal sign, etc. A word or a formula continued to next line is separated at the end of a line. Points (e.g. ",", ".", etc) are included in the word/formula just before the points. Opening parenthesis are included in the next word and closing parenthesis are included in the preceding words like points. Quotation marks are treated in a similar way.

In Figure 2, the arrows show the segmentation points and the sentence is separated into 11 words/formulae in this example.

3 Structure of database

The database InftyCDB-1 is composed of two parts: (i) text data and (ii) image data, related to each other. Text data is a Microsoft Access or CSV-format, the user's choice, while image data are systematically named PNG files.

3.1 Text data

For each character, the 29 attributes listed in the Table 2 are attached:

The attribute (5) is code defined in our laboratory to distinguish character/symbol categories in the math-OCR software called InftyReader[5]. The attribute (6) is a string to read the character: e.g., "int" for " \int ", "Omega" for " Ω ". The attribute (7) is "text" for text region character, and "math" for math region character. The attribute (8) is "True" (resp. "False") if the character is on the baseline (resp. in sub/super-script area). The attribute (9) (resp. (10) is "True" if the character is italic (resp. bold) font and "False" otherwise. The attribute (11) is "touched" for a touched character, "separate" for a broken character, "touch_ and_ sep" for touched and broken character, and "normal" otherwise. By using the attributes (14), (15), a user can reproduce the math tree structure for each formula.

As for the rule to define the path to the image file in the attribute (16), see 3.2 below.

Attributes (21) - (29) are the same for all the characters in a word/formula. Attribute (21) is the ID number attached to each word/formula. Attributes (22), (23) and (24) are string data that represent the corresponding word/formula monic function ...

Figure 3. SyllableAfter attribute for hyphenation.

in MathML format, LaTeX format, and IML format, respectively. IML format is the XML format used in the software developed in our laboratory, math-OCR "InftyReader" and an authoring tool "InftyEditor" for mathematical documents. The attribute (29) is "True" for words at the beginning of line continued by hyphenation from the word at the end of previous line, and "False" for other cases. In Fifure 3, the latter part "monic" of "harmonic" has the SyllableAfter attribute "True".

A sample of the text data for a formula

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} h_{t\nu,z_0}|_{t=0}$$

and a word "and" is shown in Table 3 below.

3.2 Image data

To reduce the number of image files, the images of a same word in a same article are stored in one image file. However, italic words and upright words are stored in different image files, and Roman capital/small letter are distinguished so that, e.g., "And" "and" are stored in different image files. Formula images in an article are also grouped in a same way, when the expressions are identical. Image file names are defined as follows:

- word · · · "string"(_ FontFlag)_ "number".png
- formula ··· "number of characters in the formula" _"first three characters in the formula" (_ FontFlag)_ "number".png

For example, the file names of the word "(and)" and the formula " $\alpha \leq 1$ " are "LeftPar-and-RightPar_0.png" and "3_alpha-le-1_0.png", respectively. Figure 4 shows two image files in the database having the path names "Images¥ActaM_1970_37_63¥A¥approaches_I_0.png" and "Images¥ActaM_1970_37_63¥MATH¥1-9¥7_D-Omega-BigLeftPar_0.png", respectively.

4 Distribution

The database InftyCDB-1 is made and will be maintained in M.Suzuki laboratory, Faculty of Mathematics, Kyushu University. It is freely available for research and development purposes after user registration. (http://www.inftyproject.org/).

	Table 2. List of attributes.
Attribute	Explanation
CharID	ID number of each character
JornalID	ID number of the article
SheetID	Page number
Туре	Type name (see Table 1)
Code	Category code (OCR code)
Entity	Category name
Region	Distinction of text/math area
Baseline	Distinction of baseline/subscript
ItalicFlag	Italic flag
BoldFlag	Bold flag
Quality	Normal/touched/separate/touch_and_sep
Width	Width of the character
Height	Height of the character
ParentCharID	Parent CharID of the link
Link	Link name
ImageName	Path (folder name + file name) to the image file including the character
Rect	Coordinates of the character in the image file (left,top,right,bottom)
WordID	ID number of the word/formula including the cahracter
WordMathML	MathML string
WordTeX	LaTeX string
WordIML	IML string
WordRect	Coordinates of the word/formula in the image file (left,top,right,bottom)
SyllableAfter	Flag of word continued from the prevoious line by hyphenation
	CharID JornalID SheetID Type Code Entity Region Baseline ItalicFlag BoldFlag Quality Width Height ParentCharID Link ImageName Rect WordID WordMathML WordTeX WordIML

 $approaches\ approaches\ D_{\Omega}[u]<\infty$

Figure 4. Example of image files

The text data part is in CSV (16.8MB) or Microsoft Access format (26.7MB) as the user chooses, and the image data is in PNG format (202MB). The database is delivered in CD-ROM.

5 Conclusion

In this paper, we described our ground-truthed mathematical character and symbol image database, called InftyCDB-1. The database consists of two parts: text data and image data that are related to each other.

The ground-truth of each character is composed of type, font, quality (touched/broken) and link information to represent the tree structure of math formula, etc. The database includes all the 688,570 characters (and symbols) of 467 pages of 30 English articles on mathematics (published 1970 \sim 2000). Characters are grouped into words/formulae in the database. Total number of words and formulae in the database are 108,914 and 21,056, respectively. The database is freely usable for research, development and evaluation of math-OCRs.

References

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Table 3. Example of the text data in the database for a formula " $\frac{d}{dt}h_{t\nu,z_0}|_{t=0}$ " and a word "and".

			•										$dt^{-t\nu}$	$z_0 t = 0$,	aum		
(1)	(2)	(3) (4)		(5)		(6)		(7) ((9)	(10)	(1	1)	(12)	(13)		
14	5	10	Big	Symbol	33D	l frac	fractionalLine		ath	TRUE	FA	ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	82	12	
15	5	10	Ron	nan	0164	0164 d		m	ath	TRUE		ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	38	60	
16	5	10	Ron	nan	0164	d		m	ath	TRUE	FA	ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	38	59	
17	5	10	Ron	nan	0174	t			ath	TRUE	FA	ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	24	53	
18	5	10	Ron	nan	0168	h		m	ath	TRUE	FÆ	ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	39	60	
19	5	10	Ron	nan	0174	t		m	ath	FALS	E FA	ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	27	52	
20	5	10	Gre		4261			m	ath	FALS	E TI	RUE	FALSE	nor	mal	42	37	
21	5	10	Poir	nt	1420		nma	m	ath	FALS		ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	17	26	
22	5	10		oman 017A			Z		math FALS			ALSE	FALSE	normal		38	39	• • •
23	5	10	Nur	Numeric		130 zero		ma	ath	FALS			FALSE			34	49	
24	5	10	Parenthesis				vert		ath			ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	11	187	
25	5	10	Ron		0174				ath	FALS		ALSE	FALSE	nor		26	52	
26	5	10	1	rator	1D31	1	al	m	math FA			ALSE FALSE		touched		43	22	
27	5	10	Nur	neric	0130	zer	0	m	ath	FALS	E FA	ALSE	FALSE	nor	mal	35	48	
:	:	:	:		1 :	:		1 :		:	:		:	:		:	:	
	. 2		· Dom			•				•	·	ALSE	FALSE		mal	37	38	
804 805	2	13 13	Ron Ron		0161 016E				RUE RUE	text		ALSE	FALSE	nor		42	36	
803	2	13	Ron		0164				RUE	text text		ALSE	FALSE	nor	arate	42	56	
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(14)	TOP	(15)		(16) *1	(17)	(18)	(19) 82	(20) 85	2800	1)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29) FALSE
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14				<u>↑1</u>		101			2800	5095		-		0				TALSE
14	LIDDI	- D		<u>ب</u> 1	24	0	62	50	2800	5605	*7		<i>ч</i> Л	0	0			EALSE
15	UPPE		ΓΔΙ	*1	24	0	62 78	59 162	2800		*2	*3	*4 *4	0	0	522	205	FALSE
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14 18 19 20 21 22 18	HOR HOR HOR HOR HOR RSUI	IZON IZON IZON IZON IZON B IZON	TAL TAL TAL TAL	*1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1	54 95 135 173 234 262 306	109 35 78 96 119 92 116 18	78 134 162 215 251 300 340 374	162 95 130 133 145 131 165	2800 2800 2800 2800 2800 2800 2800 2800	5695 5695 5695 5695 5695 5695 5695 5695	*2 *2 *2 *2 *2 *2 *2 *2 *2 *2	*3 *3 *3 *3 *3 *3 *3 *3 *3	*4 *4 *4 *4 *4 *4 *4 *4 *4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	522 522	205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205	FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
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(*1) AnnMS_1971_157_173¥MATH¥10-19¥14_fractionalLine-dd_0.png, (*5) ActaM_1970_37_63¥A¥and_1.png (*2),(*3), (*4): Expression of the formula $\frac{d}{dt}h_{t\nu,z_0}|_{t=0}$ in MathML, in LaTeX and in IML respectively.

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